

## Abstract

ANDOR MARÓTI: The Relationship between Theory and Practice in Sites of Cultural Learning. Cultural practitioners don't just want to organize events but always aim at facilitating learning processes that go deeper and more complex into the minds of the recipients. This sort of practice can't be pursued without a considerable level of theoretical knowledge and the educated need to try and apply those. Without analyzing praxis, forming theories and testing them, events performed are nothing more in the publicly funded cultural field than ad hoc occasions planned systematically not heading towards an integrated approach. 3. p.

BÉLA KRISZTIÁN: On Competence in Counselling. The definition of *competence* implies a cluster of abilities, mostly a capacity to make decisions that encompass different types of knowledge and commitment, emotional attachment that enables a person to act decisively and effectively in various sort of social situations. That is a requirement for those involved in counselling in the field of HRD. 10. p.

TIBOR KOLTAY: Providing a special kind of SWOT analysis, this paper examines five issues, related to the information society, which can be regarded both as real problems and hype or a fad. The questions addressed are information pathologies (*Too Much Information* and the like), information literacy, information architecture, knowledge management and Web 2.0. All of them require complex and critical approaches. 18. p.

TAMÁS VÁMOSI: The Role of the Regional Integrated Vocational Training Centres in the Secondary School-System. The field of vocational training is a complex area that is affected by a vast array of social and economic factors. The article depicts the route towards this new type of vocational institution in Hungary and gives an account of emerging issues. 24. p.

ZSÓFIA ÁSVÁNYI: Acquis Communautaire in Labour Law. The European Labour Law is much wider than the labour law legislations of the member states that are making efforts to adapt their system to the Community level. For 50 years, the European Community has worked towards achieving a high level of employment and social protection, improved living and working conditions and economic and social cohesion. The author describes the different policy areas. 29. p.

ANDRÁS HORVÁTH: Crime Prevention Open University. The fifth anniversary. The elaborated themes came to the fore with the Crime Prevention Open University which celebrates its fifth anniversary and where the organizers tried to reveal what causes or may cause somebody to become a criminal or even a victim. Which circumstances and events could affect a minor's decision to step outside the law. The participants could have heard answers how a new generation of adults could be raised to abide by the law. What kind of old and new methods exist for the crime prevention. Who and what kind of techniques work effectively to solve the problem? It's an important question whether according to these criminality would decrease effectively or the latent crime would gain ground. Does rehabilitation have real effects or he who makes mistakes early may have a greater chance as an adult to sustain a criminal way of life. Eszter Takács: In recent decades the employment structure of the European Union has been transforming continuously. In spite of the fact that atypical employment forms are extending more and more in the EU, Hungary still has a low rate of employees working in these forms. In this article I introduce two atypical employment forms: part-time employment and telework. I try to present what advantages and disadvantages their adaptation in practice have in the real life. 34. p.

ISTVÁN PINTÉR: Knowledge management and reading thoughts. Understanding the Other involves understanding mental processes of people, sensing and interpreting all the signals they offer to the observer. The research experience of the author leads him to say that reading another person's thoughts is not impossible and doesn't lack sense, quite the contrary there are ways and methods that help to get closer to the idea. 43. p.

ZOLTÁN HUSZÁR: Elementary Schools Of The Danube Steam Shipping Company At Pécs Mining District (1868-1938/1944) In 1852, when the First Imperial and Royal Pat. Danube Steam Ship-

ping Company (DSSC) got a foothold in the Pécs coal-basin, the workers' (including miners) children attended village schools which were maintained by the Roman Catholic Church. After the company's appearance more and more families arrived to work at the coal mines. They settled down in the company's settlements, which were rather far from the surrounding villages for children to go to school. As children of school age could not remain without education, DSSC opened schools for them on its colonies. The study gives a survey of the educational system of the DSSC from the enactment of the public school law by József Eötvös (1868) until World War II drawing on Hungarian and Austrian archive research and published technical literature in Hungarian and German languages. 49. p.

CLAUDIA FARKAS-KOCSIS: Learning Sons of Learning Fathers. After fascism had taken power in Italy an antisemitic campaign started that generated antisemitic laws that ordered Jewish students out of public schools and even out of universities. The Italian Jewish community took these happenings with great shock. After the initial paralysis they started to create special Jewish schools that not only proved to be a light in those dark years for the community but contributed to strengthening the feeling of belonging and displayed a honourable non-violent form of resistance. 64. p.

ÁRPÁD ANGYAL: Disseminating the Results of the Development Project of the Eger Regional Integrated Vocational Training Centre. The author has abbreviated his thesis written for the Faculty of Adult Education and HRD at the University of Pécs. 71. p.

ESZTER TAKÁCS: In recent decades the employment structure of the European Union has been transforming continually. In spite of the fact that atypical employment forms are extending more and more in the EU, Hungary still has a low rate of employees working in these forms. In this article I introduce two atypical employment forms: part-time employment and telework. I try to present what advantages and disadvantage their practical adaptations have in the real life. 83. p.

PÉTER ÓBER: This writing is an abridged variant of my thesis that I adapted into an other genre. It sets out the opportunity of enlarging a culture targeted at towards younger groups and cultural renewal by institutionalizing certain elements of hiphop subculture. After that it addresses the possibility of the creation a healthy identity. 93. p.

MIHÁLY SÁRI: Scientifical Workshop of Görlitz, Tome of Collegium Pontes „Periphery in Center of Europe”. A new scientific tome has appeared, its title „Periphery in Center of Europe”, created by an academic workshop in Görlitz. This book is a part of a four-section series: „Conditions of European Solidality”, „Force of weakness”, „Europezation of the everyday”. The books build a block together, written by scientists working in many university of Europe. Dr.phil. Dr. habil. Matthias Theodor Vogt, professor from University of Zittau/ Görlitz, has edited this book. Professor Vogt has visited the University of Pécs (Hungary) many times, the academic cooperation, and research established owes much to him. Andragogists, cultural managers, civilization-economists, cultural-politicians and spacial-design planners should take note on this work. 102. p.